2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

MITCHELL COUNTY

325-728-2006

Taxing Unit Name

Phone (area code and number)

438 E 2ND STREET, COLORADO CITY, TEXAS 79512

www.co.mitchell.tx.us

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	s 1,055,778,466.00
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	ş 0.00
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 1,055,778,466.00
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	s 0.441922 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	_{\$} 0.00
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value: B. 2022 disputed value: C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	_s 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	ş 0.00

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14) ³ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code 926.012(13) * Tex. Tax Code 926.012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 1,055,778,466.00
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	,0.00
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: \$\$1,171,610.00\$	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: + \$ 454,601.00	_s 1,626,211.00
	C. Value 1055. Add A and D.	\$
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that a 2023.	
	ties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value: \$685,076.00	
	A. 2022 market value: \$ 685,076.00 B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: \$ 109,313.00	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	, 575,763.00
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	_{\$} 2,201,974.00
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. § If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	ş 0.00
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	1,053,576,492.00
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	ş 4,655,986.00
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	, 8,562.33
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	ş 4,664,549.00
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values: \$ 1,227,730,936.00	
	5 999 949 00	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$ 0,393,943.00 C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: - \$ 0.00	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
		1,233,730,885.00

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14.	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	ş <u>5,305,210.00</u>
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$ 158,010,128.00
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	ş <u>1,081,025,967.00</u>
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	ş 0.00
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ¹⁹	_{\$} 7,401,698.00
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	_{\$} 7,401,698.00
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 1,073,624,269.00
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	§ 0.434468 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	s 0.507431 /s100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	§ 0.39875900 /\$100
29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_1,055,778,466.00

¹³ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code §26.01(d)

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)(B)
 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17) ¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c) ²¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$ 4,210,012.00
31.	Adjusted 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate. A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	
	B. 2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0	
	C. 2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	4 218 574 00
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$ 4,218,574.00
32.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,073,624,269.00
33.	2023 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.39292834 _{/\$100}
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. 23 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0. A. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	s 0.00 /s100
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0. A. 2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	B. 2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. 5 0.00	-
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0.00

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code §26.044 ³⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.0441

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	_s 0.00	
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	_s 0.00	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.00 /5100	
		s 0.00 /s100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	7,5100	s 0.00 /s100
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	, 0.00	
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	, 0.00	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.00 /s100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.00 /s100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		, 0.00 /\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be ity for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Sec information. A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	es to municipalities with	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	, 0.00	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.00 /s100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		ş 0.00 _/\$100
39.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		s 0.39292834 /s100
40.	Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that coll tional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for taxing units, enter zero. A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount	or 2023 in Section 3. Other	
	of sales tax spent	\$ 447,618.00	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	§ 0.041692 _{/\$100}	0.43462058
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.		\$ 0.43462058 /\$100
41.	2023 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.		\$ 0.44983230 _{/\$100}

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.0442 26 Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or		
	2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do no Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	ot complete	s 0.035000 /s100
42.			
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		ş 480,800.00
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector, ²⁹		ş 0.00
44.	. Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		₅ 480,800.00
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate. A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30 B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate. C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest	100.00 % 100.00 % 100.00 % 100.00 %	
	collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31		100.00 %
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		_{\$} 480,800.00
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		\$
48.	3. 2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.044476 /\$100
49.	9. 2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.		ş 0.494309 _{_/\$100}
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complet unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	te this line if the taxing	s 0.494309 /5100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(7) ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b) ²¹ Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval tax rate.	s 0.569988 /\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	, 0.00
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	_ş 496,608.00
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	1,081,025,967.00
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.04593858 /\$100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.434468 /\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	s 0.434468 /5100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.494309 /\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ 0.4483700 _{/\$100}

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	,0.00
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	1,081,025,967.00
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000 _/\$100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s 0.4483700 /\$100

³² Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

¹⁾ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(i)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d) 35 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c) 37 Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	- territoria	Amount/Rate
63.	Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approv	al tax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67).	§ 0.461388 /\$100	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	§ 0.051470.00 /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A	_{\$} 0.409918 _{/\$100}	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	s 0.441922 /\$100	
	E. Subtract D from C	s -0.032004 /\$100	
64.	Year 2 component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approx	0.700074	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67).	\$ 0.788871 /\$100	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$ 0.293407 /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A	§ 0.495464 /\$100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.471687 _/\$100	
	E. Subtract D from C	s 0.023777 /\$100	
65.	Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approx		
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 65).	\$ 0.9664 /\$100	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 64).	\$ 0.00 /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A	§ 0.9664 /\$100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	s 1.0114399 _{/\$100}	
	E. Subtract D from C	ş -0.0450399 _{/\$100}	
66.	2023 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E.		ş <u>0.00</u> /\$100
67.	Total 2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following line Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with particular).	es (as applicable): Line 49, pollution control).	§ 0.4483700 _{/\$100}

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)

[™] Tex. Tax Code §26.013(c)

Tex. Tax Code §26.0501(a) and (c)

Tex. Local Gov't Code §120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022
 Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(8-a) 45 Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 44 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$ 0.39292834 /\$100
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,081,025,967.00
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	§ 0.04625236 _{/\$100}
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.04447627 /\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	§ 0.48365696 /\$100

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/F	late
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	, 0.00	/\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	_s 0.00	/\$100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$	/\$100
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$	
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 43	\$	/\$100

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c) 41 Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$0.00 /\$100

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

icate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	
No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: 26	\$ 0.4344675/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: 67	§ 0.4483700 _{/\$100}
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the 2023 de minimis rate from Line 72	§ 0.4836570 _{/\$100}

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. 50

print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

sign here

JULY 31, 2023

Date

¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

Form 50-856

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

MITCHELL COUNTY LATERAL ROAD

Taxing Unit Name

325-728-2606 Phone (area code and number)

438 E 2ND STREET, COLORADO CITY, TEXAS 79512

www.co.mitchell.tx.us

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). ¹	\$
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	s_0.00
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 1,054,132,043.00
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.084853 _{/\$100}
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: Solve taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. \$ 0.00	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: - \$ 0.00	ş <u>0.00</u>
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value:	
	B. 2022 disputed value:	
	C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	ş <u>0.00</u>
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	ş 0.00

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14) ³ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	ş <u>0.00</u>
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: \$ \frac{1,171,610.00}{2}\$	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: +\$ 512,283.00	_s 1,683,893.00
	C. Falue 1035, Add A and D.	\$
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023 . Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022.	
	A. 2022 market value:	
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: 5 109,613.00	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	₅ 575,463.00
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 2,259,356.00
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. § If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	ş 0.00
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$_1,051,872,687.00
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	_{\$} 892,546.00
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. 9	٥.00 ،
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	_s 892,546.00
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
	A. Certified values: \$ 1,225,380,306.00	T-01 E-12
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
		1,225,380,306.00

⁵ Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
6 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
7 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
8 Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)
8 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
10 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
11 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)
12 Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14.	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	ş <u>5,296,210.00</u>
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	ş <u>0.00</u>
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	ş <u>0.00</u>
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ¹⁹	s 7,401,698.00
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	ş 7,401,698.00
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 1,223,274,818.00
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$ 0.072964 _/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.084853 /\$100
29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,054,132,043.00

¹³ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code §26.01(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6) 18 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

 ¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)
 20 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(d)

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		s 894,463.00
31.	Adjust	ed 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	Α.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions,	0.00	
	В.	2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	- ş <u>0.00</u>	
	C.	2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	- ş <u>0.00</u>	
	D.	2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	\$ 0.00	004 462 00
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.		₅ 894,463.00
32.	Adjust	red 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		\$ 1,223,274,818.00
33.	2023 N	NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.073120 /\$100
34.		djustment for state criminal justice mandate. 23 applicable or less than zero, enter 0. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	ş <u>0.00</u>	
	В.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies.	_\$ 0.00	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.00 /\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.00 /\$100
35.		djustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24 applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A.	2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	ş <u>0.00</u>	
	В.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	_ _s 0.00	
		for the same purpose		
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00 /\$100)

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code §26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.0441

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25 f not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	§ 0.00 /\$10
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. 26	
	If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0. A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	s 0.00 /\$10
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Section 26.0444 for more information. A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ <u>0.00</u>
39.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	\$ 0.073120 /\$10
40.	Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2023 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$ 0.00
41.	2023 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or -	§ 0.075680 /\$1
	Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
041.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the ta area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for propert unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner proviunit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	y located in the taxing	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	complete	§ 0.035000 /\$100
42.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and pronted that:	incipal that will be paid	
	(1) are paid by property taxes,		
	(2) are secured by property taxes,		
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and		
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxin meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not included payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, contract of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before.	lude appraisal district ertificate of obligation, or	
		_s 0.00	
	Enter debt amount	- \$ 0.00	
	C. Submitted annual of the control o	-\$ 0.00	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	-\$ <u>0.00</u>	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		ş <u>0.00</u>
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29		ş <u>0.00</u>
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		ş <u>0.00</u>
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.		
	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	100.00	
		0.00	
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate.		
Ħ,	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	0.00 %	
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	0.00	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31		100.00 %
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		_s 0.00
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		s 1,223,274,818.00
			0.00000
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.		-
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.		\$ 0.075680 /\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	e this line if the taxing	ş <u>0.00</u>

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁶ Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval	s /s
	tax rate.	\$

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	ş <u>0.00</u>
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33 Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	_{\$} 0.00
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 0.00
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	ş 0.00 /\$100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.072964 _/\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	s 0.072964 /5100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.075680 _/\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ 0.075680 /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	,0.00
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s <u>0.00</u>
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00000 /\$100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s 0.00 /\$100

³² Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(i) 34 Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c) 36 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet		Amount/R	ate
63.	Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approv	al tax rate.		
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67).	\$ 0.090319 _{/\$100}		
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	s 0.002248 /\$100		
	C. Subtract B from A	s 0.088071 /\$100		
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	s 0.084853 /\$100		
	E. Subtract D from C	§ 0.003218 _/\$100		
64.	Year 2 component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approv			
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67).	\$ 0.102139 /\$100		
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	\$ 0.00 /\$100		
	C. Subtract B from A	\$ <u>0.102139</u> _/\$100		
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	ş <u>0.1</u> /\$100		
	E. Subtract D from C	§ 0.002139 _{/\$100}		
65.	Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approx	ral tax rate.		
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 65).	\$ 0.00 /\$100		
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 64).	\$ 0.00		
	C. Subtract B from A	ş <u>0.00</u> /\$100		
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	s 0.1 /\$100		
	E. Subtract D from C.	ş <u>-0.1</u> /\$100		
66.	2023 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E.		ş <u>0.00</u>	/\$100
67.	Total 2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following line Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s (as applicable): Line 49, pollution control).	§ 0.075680)/\$100

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)

⁴⁰ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(c) ⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code §§26.0501(a) and (c)

⁴² Tex. Local Gov't Code §120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 44 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$ 0.073120 _{/\$100}
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,230,676,516.00
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.04062806 /\$100
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.000 /\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	ş 0.00 /\$100

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/R	ate
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.000	/\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	ş <u>0.00</u>	_/\$100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	ş <u>0.00</u>	/\$100
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_1,051,872,6	87.00
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	٥.00 و	
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$_1,223,274,8	318.00
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	,0.00	/\$100

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

0.00

	The first of the contract of t	
Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable). Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties). Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	,0.000 _{/5100}
SEC	TION 8: Total Tax Rate	
ndica	te the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	A Company
1	ło-new-revenue tax rate.	0.073120
	as applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: 26.	
,	/oter-approval tax rate	, 0.075680 /s100
1	As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: 67	73100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

If applicable, enter the 2023 de minimis rate from Line 72.

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code.

print TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

sign

De minimis rate.

uu

JULY 31, 2023

Date

Tex. Tax Code 5626.04(c-2) and (d-2

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet
Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

MITCHELL COUNTY HOSPITAL DISTRICT

Taxing Unit Name

887 W I-20, COLORADO CITY, TEXAS 79512

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

325-728-3431

Phone (area code and number)

WWW.MITCHELCOUNTYHOSPITAL.COM

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). ¹	_{\$_} 1,059,686,510
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	ş O
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 1,059,686,510
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	s 0.347341 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2022 value loss. Subtract 8 from A. ³	_s 0
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value: \$ 0	_s 0
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	ş 0

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14) ³ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code 926.012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	, 1,059,686,510
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	ş O
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: + \$ 66,911 C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	_s 1,238,521
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value: B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	_s 575,763
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	, 1,814,284
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s 0
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	s_1,057,872,226
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	₅ 3,674,424
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	_s 5,587.84
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	_s 3,680,012
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values: S. 1,230,589,607 B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$ C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	E. Total 2023 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	1,230,589,607

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13 A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	ş <u>5,317,210</u>
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	ş <u>0</u>
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	ş_1,235,906,817
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	ş_0
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ¹⁹	_s 7,411,760
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	_s 7,411,760
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 1,228,495,057
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	§ 0.299554 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	ş <u>0.26789</u> _{/\$100}
29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} 1,059,686,510

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code §26.01(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)(8) 17 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17) ²⁰ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(d)

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	_{\$} 2,838,794
31.	Adjusted 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
	A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022	
	B. 2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	
	C. 2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	, 2,843,204
32.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} 1,228,495,057
33.	2023 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	§ 0.231437 /\$100
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. 23 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0. A. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. Subtract B from A and divide in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	0
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	\$
	A. 2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	B. 2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code 526.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code 926.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.		
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose		
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	/\$100	
	0		
		/3100	0
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0/\$100
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.		
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.		
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		
		/\$100	0
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defuity for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Section 2 information.	nunicipalities with	
	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year)	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year)	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	/\$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		ş O/\$100
39.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		s 0.231438 /\$100
40.	Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected tional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2023 taxing units, enter zero.		
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent)	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	/\$100	
	C. Add Line 408 to Line 39.		§ 0.231438 _{/\$100}
41.	2023 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.		§ 0.249953 /\$100
	- or - Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.		

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.0442 ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the trainer declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for proper unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provunit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	ty located in the taxing	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do no Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	t complete	\$ /\$100
42.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and p	rincipal that will be paid	3
	on debts that:		
	(1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes,		
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and		
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
	(4) are not classified in the taxing units budget as Mao expenses.		
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxin meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not in budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, of other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt betom.	clude appraisal district ertificate of obligation, or fore including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount	_s 855,981	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	- \$ O	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	- \$ O	
		- \$ O	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	-2	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		\$ 855,981
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁹		ş <u>0</u>
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		_{\$} 855,981
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.	400	
	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	100 %	
		100	
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate.		
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	100 %	
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	99 %	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31		100 %
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		_s 855,981
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		_{\$} 1,235,906,817
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.069259 /\$100
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.		s 0.308798 /s100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complet unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	te this line if the taxing	\$/\$100

²⁷ Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a) ²⁸ Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ²⁰ Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet -	Taving Unite Other Than C	chool Districts or Water Districts
2023 Tax Kate Calculation Worksheet -	Taxing Units Other Than 5	chool districts of water districts

Form 50-856

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Ra	te
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval		
	tax rate.	5	_/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	\$
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33 Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	1,235,906,817
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	s <u>O</u> /\$100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$.299554 /\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	s .299554 /\$100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s308798 /\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$.3087976 _{/\$100}

SECTION 4: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	ş 0
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,235,906,817
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	ş <u>O</u> /\$100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$.3087976 _{/\$100}

¹² Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d) 13 Tex. Tax Code §26.041(i)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d) 15 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code 626 045(d) Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

ine		Unused Increment Rate Worksheet			Amount/Rate
53.	Year 3	component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approx	al tax rate.		
	Α.	Voter-approval tax rate	\$	/\$100	
		As applicable: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing control)	units with poll	ution	
	В.	Unused increment rate (Line 66).	\$	/\$100	
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$	/\$100	
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate	\$	/\$100	
	E.	Subtract D from C	\$	/\$100	
54.	Year 2	component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approx	val tax rate.		
	A.	Voter-approval tax rate	\$	/\$100	
		As applicable: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 6 pollution control)	2 (taxing units	with	
	В.	Unused increment rate (Line 66).	\$	/\$100	
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$	/\$100	
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate.	\$	/\$100	
	E.	Subtract D from C	\$	/\$100	
55.	Year 1	component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-appro	val tax rate.		
	A.	Voter-approval tax rate	\$	/\$100	
		As applicable: Line 47, Line 50 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 6 pollution control)	0 (taxing unit	s with	
	В.	Unused increment rate.	\$	/\$100	
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$	/\$100	
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate.	\$	/\$100	
	E.	Subtract D from C	\$	/\$100	
66.	2023	unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E.			ş <u>0</u> /\$10
67.	Total :	2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lin 149 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with	es (as applicab pollution cont	le): Line 49, rol).	s .3087976 /s10

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a) 40 Tex. Tax Code §26.013(c)

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code \$\$26.0501(a) and (c) ⁴² Tex. Local Gov't Code \$120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022 ⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.063(a)(1)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ⁴⁴
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ⁴⁵

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$.23143795 _{/\$100}
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} 1,235,906,817
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	s .04045612 /\$100
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s .06925937 /\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$/\$100

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.⁴⁶

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the
 assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster
 occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate
 without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$.347341 /\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. ⁴⁸ Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ <u>0</u> /\$100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	ş347341 _{/\$100}
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,057,872,226
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	s -3674423.969
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1,228,495,057
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	ş <u>0</u> /\$100

⁴⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) ⁴⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴º Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet - Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	ş <u>O</u> /\$100

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate.	\$ 0.299554 /\$100
As applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: 26	
Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.3087976 _{/\$100}
As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue).	
Indicate the line number used: 49	
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the 2022 de minimis rate from Line 72.	\$/\$100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. 50

print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR/COLLECTOR

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

sign here

Taxing Unit Representative

August 9, 2023

Date

⁵⁰ Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(c-2) and (d-2)

2023 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet

Form 50-858

for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts

Lone Wolf Groundwater Conservation District	325-728-2027
Water District Name	Phone (area code and number)
139 W. 2nd Street, Colorado City, Texas 79512	lonewolfgwcd.org
Water District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Water District's Website Address
GENERAL INFORMATION: The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist water dworksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Water districts should constitute type of water district:	
findicate type of water district.	
Low tax rate water district (Water Code Section 49.23601) Developing water district Developed water district in a declared disaster area (Water Code Section 49.23602)	

SECTION 1: Voter Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate for low tax rate and developing water districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rates plus the maintenance and operation (M&O) tax rate that would impose no more than 1.08 times the amount of M&O tax imposed by the water district in the preceding year on the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the water district. The average appraised value disregards any homestead exemption available only to people with disabilities or those age 65 or older.

The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

If any part of a developed water district is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president, the board of the district may calculate the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided in Water Code Section 49.23601(a) and determine whether an election is required to approve the adopted tax rate in the manner provided in Water Code Section 49.23601(c). In such cases, the developed water district may use this form to calculate its voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Worksheet	Amount/Rate	
1.	2022 average appraised value of residence homestead.	_s 62,188	
2.	2022 general exemptions available for the average homestead. Excluding age 65 or older or disabled persons exemptions. ²	ş <u>0</u>	
3.	2022 average taxable value of residence homestead. Line 1 minus Line 2.	₅ 62,188	
4.	2022 adopted M&O tax rate.	s 0.02452 /\$100	
5.	2022 M&O tax on average residence homestead. Multiply Line 3 by Line 4, divide by \$100.	_s 15.25	
6.	Highest M&O tax on average residence homestead with increase. Multiply Line 5 by 1.08. ³	₅ 16.47	
7.	2023 average appraised value of residence homestead.	_s 66,812	
8.	2023 general exemptions available for the average homestead. Excluding age 65 or older or disabled persons exemptions. 4	ş <u>0</u>	
9.	2023 average taxable value of residence homestead. Line 7 minus Line 8.	ş 66,812	
10.	Highest 2023 M&O tax rate. Line 6 divided by Line 9, multiply by \$100. 5	s 0.024648832 /\$100	
11.	2023 debt tax rate.	s O /\$100	
12.	2023 contract tax rate.	s <u>O</u> /\$100	
13.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add lines 10, 11 and 12.	s 0.024648832	

Tex Water Code \$49 236(a)(2)(C)

Tex. Water Code §§49.23601(a)(3) and 49.23603(a)(3) Tex. Water Code §49.236(a)(2)(E)

Tex. Water Code §§49.23601(a)(3) and 49.23603(a)(3)



For a low tax rate water district, the election tax rate is the highest total tax rate the district may adopt without holding an automatic election to approve the adopted tax rate.

For a developing water district, the election tax rate is the highest total tax rate the district may adopt before qualified voters of the district may petition for an election to lower the adopted tax rate.

If any part of a developed water district is located in an area declared a disaster area during the current tax year by the governor or by the president, the board of the district may calculate the election tax rate as the highest tax rate the district may adopt without holding an automatic election to approve the adopted tax rate.

In these cases, the election tax rate is the rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the water district. The average appraised value disregards any homestead exemption available only to people with disabilities or those age 65 or older. 7

Line	Worksheet	Amount/Rate
14.	2022 average taxable value of residence homestead. Enter the amount from Line 3.	₅ 62,188
15.	2022 adopted total tax rate.	ş 0.024520 /\$100
16.	2022 total tax on average residence homestead. Multiply Line 14 by Line 15.	_s 15.2484976
17.	2023 highest amount of taxes per average residence homestead. Multiply Line 16 by 1.08, divide by \$100.	_s 16.46837741
18.	2023 tax election tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 9 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.024648832 /\$100

SECTION 3: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the voter-approval tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the water district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Water Code. ⁶

print here	SUE YOUNG, MANAGER		
	Printed Name of Water District Representative		
sign here			
	Water District Representative	Date	

Tex. Water Code §§49.23601, 49.23602(d), and 49.23603

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

100k

Form 50-859

School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements Colorado City ISD

School District's Name

1132 Hickory Street, Colorado City, Texas 79512

School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

325-728-5312

Phone (area code and number)

www.ccity.esc14.net

School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voterapproval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall submit the rates to the governing body by August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify tax rate calculations or comply with certain Tax Code notice requirements. School districts are required to provide notice regarding tax rate calculations pursuant to Education Code Chapter 44.

This worksheet is for school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only. School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).	§ 517,264,633
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled ²	s 19,260,877
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	ş 498,003,756
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 1.414400 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: \$ 0.00	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: $-5 \frac{0.00}{0.00}$	
	C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	ş <u>0.00</u>
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value: 5	
	B. 2022 disputed value:	
	C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$ 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6.	, 0.00
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	ş 498,003,756
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	, 0.00

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14) Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13) Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: 5	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: $\frac{1,363,385}{1,363,385}$	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁶	, 2,221,310
1.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/ scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022.	
	A. 2022 market value. s 322,396	
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: $_{-5}$ 33,451	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	, 288,945
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	_{\$} 2,510,255
13.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	_{\$} 495,493,501
14.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	, 7,008,260
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. ⁸	_s 35,549
16.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds. Add Line 14 and Line 15. 9 Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2022 from the result.	_{\$} 7,043,809
17.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values. § 611,712,767	
	B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	C. Total 2023 value. Subtract B from A.	\$ 611,712,767
18.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 12	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 13	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. 14	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ 4,594,805
19.	2023 tax ceilings. Enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 15	, 9,415,869

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet - School Districts

Form 50-859

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	
20.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	\$ 606,891,703
21.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	_{\$} 0.00
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2022, and be located in a new improvement.	_s 4,833,532
23.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add lines 21 and 22.	ş 4,833,532
24.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract line 23 from line 20.	_{\$} 602,058,171
25.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 1.1639934 _{/\$100}

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates. 16

- 1. Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR): A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment. 19
- 2. Enrichment Tax Rate: 20 A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield. 21
- 3. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. 22

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election. 23 Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit. 24

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
26.	2023 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR). TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. ²⁵	\$ 0.655100 /\$100
27.	A. Enter the district's 2022 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f). B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value. \$ 0.000000 /5100	s 0.138300 /s100
28.	3. 2023 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Add Lines 26 and 27. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate. ²⁷	

^{* [}Reserved for expansion]

[[]Reserved for expansion]

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)

¹⁹ Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(i) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032
 Tex. Edu. Code §548.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)

⁷² Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a) 23 Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b)

²⁴ Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)

²⁵ Tex. Edu. Code §§48.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2

²⁷ Tex. Edu. Code 545.003(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) Are paid by property taxes; (2) Are secured by property taxes; (3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and (4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses. A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. Enter debt amount: \$ 2,015,766 B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. - \$ 0.00 C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program. - \$ 0.00	
	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	, 2,015,766
30.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	, 0.00
31.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	, 2,015,766
32.	2023 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30 A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 31 100 B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate 100 C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate 100 M D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate 100 M 100 M	100 %
33.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 31 by Line 32. Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2023 to the result.	_s 2,015,766
34.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	, 606,891,703
35.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	0.332145915
36.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 28 and 35. If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. 32	s 1.1255459 /s100

SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁵ The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. ³⁴	s 0.000000

²⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(7)

²⁹ Tex. Tax Code §§26.012(10) and 26.04(b) Ex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2) Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.08(g)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.045(d)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.045(i)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet - School Districts

Form 50-859

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} 606,891,703
39.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.000000 _{/\$100}
40.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	\$ 1.1255459 _{/\$100}

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year. 35 As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Line	Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	Amount/Rate
41.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1.4144000 /\$100
42.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	s 0.00 /s100
43.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies). Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	\$ -1.4144000 /\$100
44.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster. Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	\$ 0.00 /\$100

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44. Indicate the line number used: $\frac{40}{100}$

SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code. ³⁶

print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Printed Name of School District Representative

sign here

School District Representative

August 14, 2023

^{19 11 97}

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26,042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Form 50-859

School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements

WESTBROOK ISD

School District's Name

PO Box 99, Westbrook, Texas 79565

School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

325-644-2311

Phone (area code and number)

www.westbrookisd.com

School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall submit the rates to the governing body by August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify tax rate calculations or comply with certain Tax Code notice requirements. School districts are required to provide notice regarding tax rate calculations pursuant to Education Code Chapter 44.

This worksheet is for **school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only.** School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements.*

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).	s 365,053,454.00
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled ²	\$ 6,361,629.00
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 358,691,825.00
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.854600 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: 5	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions:	
	C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	ş <u>0.00</u>
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value:	
	B. 2022 disputed value:	
	C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	, 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6.	ş <u>0.00</u>
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 358,691,825.00
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	, 0.00

¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14) ² Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)
 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(15)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value:	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	\$ 399,903.00
1.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/ scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use	
	properties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value. \$ 0.00	
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: 5	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	, 0.00
2.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	ş 399,903.00
3.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	\$ 358,291,922.00
14.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$ 3,061,963.00
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. 8	_s 6,591.00
16.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds. Add Line 14 and Line 15. 9 Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2022 from the result.	\$ 3,068,554.00
17.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values. \$ 403,613,622.00	
	B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	C. Total 2023 value. Subtract B from A.	\$ 403,613,622.00
18.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 12	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 13	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. 4	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ 23,850.00
19.	2023 tax ceilings. Enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 15	, 7,500,731.00

Fex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(6)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
20.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	\$ 396,136,741.00
21.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	ş 0.00
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2022, and be located in a new improvement.	s 801,632.00
23.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add lines 21 and 22.	_{\$} 801,632.00
24.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract line 23 from line 20.	\$ 395,335,109.00
25.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.7761905 _{/\$100}

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates. 18

- Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR): A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment. 19
- 2. Enrichment Tax Rate: 20 A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield. 21
- 3. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. 22

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election. 23 Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit. 2

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
26.	2023 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR). TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. ²⁵	\$ 0.6530 _{/\$100}
27.	A. Enter the district's 2022 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f). B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value. \$ 0.05 0.05 per \$100 of taxable value.	\$ 0.050000 /\$100
28.	2023 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Add Lines 26 and 27. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate. ²⁷	\$ 0.7030000 /\$100

^{16 [}Reserved for expansion]

[[]Reserved for expansion]

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)

⁷ Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(i) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032

Tex. Edu. Code §§48.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f) Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a)

Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b)
Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)

²⁵ Tex. Edu. Code §§48.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)

^{**} Tex Tax Code \$26.08(n)(2)

²⁷ Tex. Edu. Code §45.003(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
29.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
	(1) Are paid by property taxes;	
	(2) Are secured by property taxes;	
	(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and	
	(4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses.	
	(4) Ale not classified in the seriod districts budget as made expenses.	
	A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. ²⁸	
	Enter debt amount: 5 0.00	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract state aid received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program	
	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	, 0.00
30.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	_{\$} 0.00
31.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	, 0.00
32.	2023 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30 A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 31 B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate 100 % C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate 100 % Enter the 2020 actual collection rate 96 D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	100 %
33.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 31 by Line 32.	
	Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2023 to the result.	ş <u>0.00</u>
34.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 396,136,741.00
35.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00 /\$100
36.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 28 and 35.	§ 0.05000 /\$100
	If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. 32	

SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³³ The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. ³⁴	s 0.000000

²⁸ Tex, Tax Code §26.012(7) ²⁹ Tex, Tax Code §526.012(10) and 26.04(b)

³² Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b) ³² Tex. Tax Code \$26.08(g) ³³ Tex. Tax Code \$26.045(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 396,136,741.00
39.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.000000 /\$100
40.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	s 0.050000 /s100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year. 35 As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Line	Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	Amount/Rate
41.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.8546000 /\$100
42.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	ş 0.00 /\$100
43.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies). Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	s8546000 /\$100
44.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster. Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	ş 0.00 /\$100

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

0.68880

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate....

Enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from Line 25.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate.....

.70300

As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44. Indicate the line number used: 36

SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code. 3

TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

sign here

AUGUST 14, 2023

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032(d) 36 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

100,000 HS

Form 50-859

School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements LORAINE ISD

School District's Name

325-737-2225

Phone (area code and number)

www.loraine.esc14.net

School District's Website Address

PO Box 457, Loraine, Texas 79532

School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voterapproval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall submit the rates to the governing body by August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify tax rate calculations or comply with certain Tax Code notice requirements. School districts are required to provide notice regarding tax rate calculations pursuant to Education Code Chapter 44.

This worksheet is for school districts without Chapter 313 agreements only. School districts that have a Chapter 313 agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).	s 163,561,652
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled ²	₅ 3,799,476
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	_{\$} 159,762,176
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 1.377700 _{/\$100}
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: 5	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions:	
	C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	,0.00
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value:	
	B. 2022 disputed value:	
	C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	s 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6.	\$ 0.00
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	_{\$} 159,762,176
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	,0.00

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14) Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

Form developed by: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, Property Tax Assistance Division

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13) Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
0.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value:+ \$ C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	_s 0
	C. Fallacios Add Add of	5
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value. B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: 5 0	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$ 0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	ş <u>0</u>
13.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	ş 159,200,196
14.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100.	, 2,101,043
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. 8	_s 3,923
16.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds. Add Line 14 and Line 15. 9 Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in 2022 from the result.	_{\$} 2,204,966
17.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 10 A. Certified values. 11 B. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	_s 181,036,343
••	The land of the section and an extent or not included an extitled appropriate [12]	
18.	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraisar certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 13	
	appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding	
	year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. 4	004 005
	year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. 14 + \$ C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	, 281,905

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(c) and (d)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(c)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(d)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(d)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
20.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Line 19.	_{\$} 179,470,606
21.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	ş 0.00
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, 2022, and be located in a new improvement.	_s 1,317,138
23.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add lines 21 and 22.	_{\$} 1,317,138
24.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract line 23 from line 20.	_{\$} 178,153,468
25.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide line 16 by line 24 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 1.136200 _{/\$100}

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates.

- 1. Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR): A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment. ¹
- 2. Enrichment Tax Rate: 20 A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less than \$0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield. 21
- 3. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. ²²

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election. 23 Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit. 26

Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
26.	2023 maximum compressed tax rate (MCR). TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA. ²⁵	§ 0.6762 _{/\$100}
27.	A. Enter the district's 2022 enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f). B. \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value. \$ 0.050000 /5100	\$ 0.05000 _/\$100
28.	2023 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Add Lines 26 and 27. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of \$0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate. ²⁷	§ 0.726200 /\$100

^{16 [}Reserved for expansion]

[[]Reserved for expansion]

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n) Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(i) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032 Tex. Edu. Code §§48.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)

²² Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a) 23 Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b)

Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)

²⁵ Tex. Edu. Code §§48.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2) ²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2)

²⁷ Tex. Edu. Code §45.003(d)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
29.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
	(1) Are paid by property taxes;	
	(2) Are secured by property taxes;	
	(3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and	
	(4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses.	
	A. Debt includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. ²⁸ Finter debt amount: 5 761,034	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	D. Adjust debt: Subtract B and C from A.	, 761,034
30.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	, 761,034 , 38,914
31.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract line 30 from line 29D.	_s 722,120
32.	2023 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ³⁰	
	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 31 100 %	
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate 105 %	
	98	
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate $\frac{98}{\%}$	
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate 100 %	100 %
33.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 31 by Line 32.	
	Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in 2023 to the result.	,722,120
34.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	179,470,606
35.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 33 by Line 34 and multiply by \$100.	\$.402361153 /\$100
36.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 28 and 35.	§ 1.1362 /\$100
	If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 28 and 35. 32	

SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³³ The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter. ³⁴	, 0.000000

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(7)

²³ Tex. Tax Code §§26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2) ³¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code §26.08(g)
Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 20 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_s 179,470,606
39.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 37 by line 38 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.000000 _{/\$100}
40.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 36 and line 39.	ş 1.12856 /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year. ³⁵ As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Line	Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	Amount/Rate
41.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 1.3777000 /\$100
42.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. If the school district adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$ 0.00 /\$100
43.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies). Subtract Line 42 from Line 41.	\$ -1.3777000 _{/\$100}
44.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster. Subtract Line 43 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 36 or Line 40 (school districts with pollution control).	\$ 0.00 /\$100

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate.

S 1.1362 / \$100

Enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from Line 25.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate.

\$ 1.12856 / \$100

As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from Line 36, Line 40 or Line 44. Indicate the line number used: 36

SECTION 6: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code. ³⁶

Print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Printed Name of School District Representative

sign here

chool District Representative

AUGUST 15, 2023

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032(d)

Form 50-856

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

CITY OF COLORADO CITY

325-728-5331

Taxing Unit Name

Phone (area code and number)

PO BOX 912, COLORADO CITY, TEXAS 79512

www.coloradocitytexas.org

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	_{\$} 153,277,366
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	ş 0.00
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	_s 153,277,366
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	s 0.5942099 /s100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2022 value loss. Subtract 8 from A. 5	_s 0.00
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value: B. 2022 disputed value: C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	₅ 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	, 0.00

² Tex. Tax Code 526.012(14) ³ Tex. Tax Code 526.012(13)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code 526 012(13)

ine	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
В.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	153,277,366
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory.	,0.00
0.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	_ş 827,619
1.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value: B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	, 0.00
2.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	, 827,619
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	,0.00
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	_s 152,449,747
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	, 905,871
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	, 1,546.94
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	, 907,418
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. A. Certified values: B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total 2023 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	, 190,095,190

Tex Tax Code 926.012(15)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.012(15)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.03(c)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.03(c)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.012(13)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.012(13)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.012, 26.04(c-2)

*Tex. Tax Code 926.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14.	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	, 3,959,948
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	ş 0.00
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	₅ 194,055,138
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. ¹⁸	ş 0.00
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. 19	_s 2,060,376
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	, 2,060,376
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	_s 191,994,762
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	s 0.472627 /5100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$ /\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	5 0.39379240 /5100
29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	₅ 153,277,366

¹³ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)
14 Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c)
15 Tex. Tax Code §26.01(d)
16 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)(B)

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)
Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17) M Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code 526.04(d)

ine	e Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	. Total 2022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	_s 603,595
31.	. Adjusted 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
	A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	32.65
	B. 2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0 \$	
	C. 2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	_s 604,627
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	
32.	2. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_s 191,994,762
33.	3. 2023 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.31491863 _{/\$100}
34.	 4. Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0. A. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months 	
	providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	
	B. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	/5100
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
35	15. Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A. 2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	
	B. 2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	/\$100

¹³ [Reserved for expansion] ¹³ Tex. Tax Code §26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Section 26.0444 for more information.	
	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
39.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	5 0.314919 /5100
40.	tional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2023 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	C. Add Line 408 to Line 39.	s 0.426095 /\$100
41.	Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or -	ş 0.441008 _{/\$100}
	 or - Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035. 	

[©] Tex. Tax Code §26.0442 □ Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate	
	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the tarea declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for proper unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provant. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.	rty located in the taxing		
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do no Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	ot complete	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	
42.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and pronced that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses. A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this tax meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not in	ing unit, if those debts nclude appraisal district		
	budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt be	certificate of obligation, or efore including it here. 28		
	Enter debt amount	₅ 466,034		
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	- \$		
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	- \$		
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources			
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		,466,034	
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29		, 12,675.00	
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		, 453,359	
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.		· ·	
43.	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	100.00		
		104.00		
		100.00		
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	100.00		
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	100.00		
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 33		100.00	
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		, 453,359	
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		, 194,055,138	
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.		s 0.233624 /51	
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.		\$ 0.674632 /s1	
D49	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complunit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	ete this line if the taxing	_{\$} 0.674632 /\$1	

²¹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a) 22 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7) 23 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b) 24 Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b) 25 Tex. Tax Code \$926.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Form 50-856

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amor	unt/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval		
	tax rate.	\$	/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ¹² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	\$
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	_s 223,011
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_s 194,055,138
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	0.11492146 _{/5100}
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ¹⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$ 0.4726267 _{/\$100}
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	s 0.472627 /s100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ¹⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.674632 /\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	s 0.5597108 /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	, 0.00
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	, 194,055,138
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	5 0.00000 /\$100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	§ 0.5597108

¹² Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(i) ³⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(c)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.045(d)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 10 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approval tax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67). B. Unused increment rate (Line 66). \$ 0.00 /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A	
64.	E. Subtract D from C. \$ 0.00	
65.	Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. \$ 0.712927 /\$100 B. Unused increment rate (Line 64). \$ 0.0 /\$100 C. Subtract B from A. \$ 0.68398 /\$100 D. Adopted Tax Rate. \$ 0.028947 /\$100 E. Subtract D from C. \$ 0.028947 /\$100	
66.	2023 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E.	s 0.036285 /s100
67.	Total 2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$ 0.5959958 _{/\$100}

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.013(c)

^{*1} Tex. Tax Code 5526.0501(a) and (c) *2 Tex. Local Gov't Code 5120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴¹ Tex. Tax Code 526.063(a)(1) 44 Tex. Tax Code 526.012(8-a)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	s 0.31491863 _{/\$100}
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_s 194,055,138
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.25765873 /\$100
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.23362381 /\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 0.80620116 /\$100

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	§ 0.594210 /\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	ş 0.00 /s100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	s -0.594210 /\$100
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_s 152,449,747
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	ş -905,871.6416
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	, 191,994,762
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$ 0.00 /\$100

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

^{*&}lt;sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) *¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

⁴⁹ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet - Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/	Rate
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	٥٥.00 ،	/\$10

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: 26	\$ 0.4726267/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: 67	s 0.5959958 /\$100
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the 2023 de minimis rate from Line 72.	5 0.8062012 /5100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. (5)

print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

sign here

axing Unit Representative

AUGUST 14, 2023

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code 5526.04(c-2) and (d-2)

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

CITY OF WESTBROOK, TEXAS

Taxing Unit Name

PO BOX 124, WESTBROOK, TEXAS 79565

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

325-644-3131

Phone (area code and number)

www.cityofwestbrooktexas.com

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). ¹	_s 6,277,443.00
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	_{\$} 0.00
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	_{\$} 6,277,443.00
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	§ 0.260866 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2022 value loss. Subtract 8 from A. ³	ş <u>0.00</u>
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value: B. 2022 disputed value: C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	ş 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	_s 0.00

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code 926.012(14)

¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.		6,277,443.00
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of propert territory. ⁵	ty in deannexed	_{\$} 0.00
10.		reeport, goods-	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6		, 72,501.00
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recrappraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do ties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value: B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: - 5	not use proper-	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7		, 0.00
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.		, 72,501.00
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. ⁸ If the taxing unit has no captured in line 18D, enter 0.		ş 0.00
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.		s 6,204,942.00
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.		, 16,187.00
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.		_s 60.10
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10		, 16,247.00
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified est and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeo older or disabled. A. Certified values:		
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: +5 0.		
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:		
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	.00	
	E. Total 2023 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.		s 6,729,409.00

^{*} Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
* Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)
* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
** Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
** Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)
** Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. ¹³	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14.	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	_{\$} 3,850.00
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	ş 0.00
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	ş 6,733,259.00
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	ş 0.00
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ¹⁹	ş 0.00
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	s 0.00
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	, 6,733,259.00
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	§ 0.241290 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$ /\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.26086580 _{/\$100}
29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} 6,277,443.00

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(c) and (d)
14 Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(d) 16 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6) ¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

²⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c) 21 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(d)

ine		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		_s 16,376.00
31.	Adjuste A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	_{+ s} 60.10	
	В.	2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	- \$ 0.00	
	C.	2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	_{+/- \$} 0.00	
	D.	2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$ 0.00	16 /36 00
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.		, 16,436.00
32.	Adjust	ed 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		\$ 6,733,259.00
33.	2023 N	INR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		s 0.24409876 /s100
34.		djustment for state criminal justice mandate. 23 applicable or less than zero, enter 0. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$\frac{0.00}{\\$0.00}\$	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		ş 0.00 /\$100
35.		djustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24 applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A.	2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	\$ 0.00	
	В.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	-\$ 0.00	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	ş 0.00 _{/\$100}	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		, 0.00

²² [Reserved for expansion] ²³ Tex. Tax Code §26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.0441

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Ra	te
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.			
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	_s 0.00		
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	_s 0.00		
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.00 /\$100		
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.00 /s100		
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	7.00	, 0.00	/\$100
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. 26 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.			
	A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	, 0.00		
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	, 0.00		
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.00 /\$100		
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	, 0.00 /\$100		
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		, 0.00	/\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be ity for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Se information. A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year.	ies to municipalities with		
	Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	, 0.00		
		\$ 0.00		
	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100 Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0.00 /\$100	_s 0.00	/\$100
39.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		_{\$} 0.244099	/\$100
40.	Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that coll tional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for taxing units, enter zero.			
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	ş 0.00		
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	§ 0.244099 /\$100		
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.		_{\$} 0.244099	_/\$100
41.	2023 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.		ş 0.252642	/\$10

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code §26.0442 28 Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the tax area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for propert unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner proviounit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	y located in the taxing	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	complete	§ 0.035000 /\$100
42.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and pri on debts that:	ncipal that will be paid	
	(1) are paid by property taxes,		
	(2) are secured by property taxes,		
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and		
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not included payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, ce other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before	ude appraisal district rtificate of obligation, or ore including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount	_s 0.00	
		₋₅ 0.00	
		_ ₅ 0.00	
		_ 5 0.00	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		, 0.00
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁹		, 0.00
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		, 0.00
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.		·
٦٥.	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	100.00	
		0.00	
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate.	0.00	
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	0.00	
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	0.00	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31		100.00
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		ş 0.00
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		_{\$} 6,733,259.00
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.		s 0.00 /\$100
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.		s 0.252642 /\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	this line if the taxing	ş 0.252642 _{/\$100}

Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code \$926.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	e Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-ax rate.	s/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	₅ 0.00
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33 Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	₅ 0.00
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	6,733,259.00
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.00000 /\$100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁵ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.241290 /\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	s 0.241290 /s100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 16 Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.252642 /\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	s 0.2526422 /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	_s 0.00
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 6,733,259.00
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.00000 /\$100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s 0.2526422 /\$100

¹² Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

³¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(i) 34 Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

¹⁵ Tex, Tax Code §26.04(c) 16 Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
63.	Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approval t	ax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67).	0.281069 /\$1	00
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	0.009667 /\$1	00
	C. Subtract B from A	0.271402 /\$1	00
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	0.2608568	00
	E. Subtract D from C.	0.0105452 /\$1	00
64.	Year 2 component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval to		
		0.283185 /\$1	00
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	0.009667	00
	C. Subtract B from A	0.186515	00
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	0.25207	00
	E. Subtract D from C	-0.065555	00
65.	Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval t	ax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 65).	0.261741 /51	00
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 64).	0.00 /\$1	00
	C. Subtract B from A	0.261741 /51	00
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	0.0252074	100
	E. Subtract D from C	0.009667	100
66.	2023 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E.		s 0.00000 /s100
67.	Total 2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (a Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollic).		9, 0.252642 /\$100

¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)

[|] Tex. Tax Code §§26.0501(a) and (c) | Tex. Local Gov't Code §120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

^{*1} Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)
*1 Tex. Tax Code §26.012(8-a)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ⁴⁴
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ⁴⁵

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$ 0.24409876 /\$100
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_s 6,733,259.00
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 7.42582455 _{/\$100}
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.0000 /s100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 7.66992332 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.⁴⁶

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the
 assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster
 occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate
 without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s_0.260866 _{/\$100}
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. ⁴⁸ Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	ş <u>0.00</u> /\$100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	ş -0.260866 _{/\$100}
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	₅ 6,204,942.00
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	_s -16186.57159
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	₅ 6,733,259.00
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	§ 0.00 /\$100

⁴⁶ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate	
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	, 0.00	/\$100

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: 28	\$ 0.2412899/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: 67	§ 0.2526422 _{/\$100}
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the 2023 de minimis rate from Line 72.	_{\$} 7.6699233 _{/\$100}

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. 50

print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

sign here JULY 31, 2023

¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

Form 50-856

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

CITY OF LORAINE, TEXAS

Taxing Unit Name

PO BOX 7, LORAINE, TEXAS 79532

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

325-737-2222

Phone (area code and number)

www.cityoflorainetx@gmail.com

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). The contract of the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	₅ 14,938,243.00
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	ş 0.00
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	s 14,938,243.00
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	5 0.622945 /\$100
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. A. Original 2022 ARB values: B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2022 value loss. Subtract 8 from A.	ş 0.00
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value: B. 2022 disputed value: C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	₅ 0.00
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	ş 0.00

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code 526.012(13) ⁴ Tex. Tax Code 526.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 14,938,243.00
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed territory.	, 0.00
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value: \$ 158,343.00	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: + 5 33,442.00	¸ 191,785.00
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022. A. 2022 market value:	\$
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value: 5 0.00 C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	, 0.00
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	_s 191,785.00
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. * If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	ş 0.00
14.	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	, 14,746,458.00
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	, 91,862.00
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	, 359.49
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	, 92,222.00
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
	A. Certified values: \$ B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: +5	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total 2023 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 15,915,767.00

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	, 141,904.00
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	ş 0.00
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	s 16,057.671.00
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	ş 0.00
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ¹⁹	_s 186,254.00
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	_s 186,254.00
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	s 15,871,417.00
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	§ 0.581056 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$ /\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.35409500 /\$100
29.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	₅ 14,938,243.00

¹⁾ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)

^{**} Tex. Tax. Code \$26.01(c) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code \$26.01(c) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code \$26.01(d) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code \$26.012(d) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code \$26.012(d) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code \$26.012(17) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code \$26.04(d) and \$7 Ex. Tax. Code

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	_s 52,896.00
31.	Adjusted 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
	A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022.	
	B. 2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0	
	C. 2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D. 2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	
	E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	, 53,017.00
32.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 15,871,417.00
33.	2023 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.33404183 /\$100
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. 23 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0. A. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	
	B. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	'S100
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	s 0.00 /s100
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A. 2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	
	B. 2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	
	0.00	/\$100
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	s 0.00 /5100

²³ (Reserved for expansion) ²⁵ Tex. Tax Code 526.044 ³⁴ Tex. Tax Code 526.0441

ine	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	, 0.00	
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	٥.00 ,	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	5 0.00	
		0.00	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.00 /\$100	0.00
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		5 0.00
	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.		
	A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	, 0.00	
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	٥.00 ،	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	5 0.00 /S100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	, 0.00	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	,	, 0.00 _{(\$100}
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be	a defunding municipal-	
	ity for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only appi a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Scinformation.	lies to municipalities with ection 26.0444 for more	
	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	\$ 0.00	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	, 0.00	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.00 /\$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		s 0.00
39.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E, Subtract Line 38D.		\$ 0.334042 /\$100
40.	Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that co tional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate f taxing units, enter zero.	llected and spent addi- for 2023 in Section 3. Other	
	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	, 12,075.00	
	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	§ 0.076080 /\$100	
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.		s 0.410122 /\$100
41.	2023 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.		s 0.424476 /s10
711	Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. - or - Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.		7310

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code \$26.0442 26 Tex. Tax Code \$26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the tax area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for propert unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner proviunit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	y located in the taxing	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	complete	\$ 0.035000 /\$100
	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and pri on debts that:	incipal that will be paid	
	(1) are paid by property taxes,		
	(2) are secured by property taxes,		
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and		
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxin meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not included payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, contract evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before.	lude appraisal district ertificate of obligation, or ore including it here. ²⁸	
	Enter debt amount	s 69,151.00	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	- s 0.00	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	_ \$ 0.00	
		- s 0.00	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	- \$	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		, 69,151.00
43.	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29		5,275.00
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		₅ 63,876.00
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.	400.00	
	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	100.00	
	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate.	109.00	
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	105.00	
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	0.00	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31		100.00
46.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		ş 63,876.00
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		_{\$} 16,057,671.00
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.397791 /\$100
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.		\$ 0.822267 /\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complet unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	e this line if the taxing	s 0.822267 /\$100

Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Ra	ate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval		
	tax rate.	5	/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	٥.00 ،
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	, 13,684.00
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 16,057,671.00
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.8521784 /s100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. SEnter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.581056 /\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	s 0.581056 /s100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ¹⁶ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 0.822267 /\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	s 0.7370496 /s100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	٥.00 و
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 16,057,671.00
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.00000 /s100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	s 0.7370496 /s100

³² Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code 526.041(I) 34 Tex. Tax Code 526.041(d)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code 526.04(c)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code 526.04(c) 16 Tex. Tax Code 526.045(d)

³⁸ Tex. Tax Code 526.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 19 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 41

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approval tax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67). 5 0.600191 /\$100	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66). \$ 0.00 /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A 50.600191 /5100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate. \$ 0.622945 /5100	
	E. Subtract D from C. 5 -0.022754 /\$100	
64.	Year 2 component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67). \$ 0.648457 /s100	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66). \$ 0.031847 /\$100	
	c. Subtract B from A 50.61661 /5100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate. \$ 0.660646 /\$100	
	E. Subtract D from C. 5 -0.044036 /\$100	
65.	Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate.	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 65). 5 0.84322702 /5100	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 64). $_{\S}$ 0.00 / $_{\S}$ 100	
	C. Subtract B from A	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate. \$ 0.87209 /5100	
	E. Subtract D from C. 502886298 /5100	
66.	2023 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E.	s 0.00000 /s100
67.	Total 2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	s 0.7370496 /s100

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)

Fex. Tax Code \$26.013(c)
Fex. Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)
Fex. Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)
Fex. Local Gov't Code \$120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)
* Tex. Tax Code §26.012(8-a)
* Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$ 0.33404183 _{/\$100}
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	_{\$} 16,057,671.00
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 3.11377659 _{/\$100}
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	§ 0.39779119 _{/\$100}
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 3,84560960 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	§ 0.622945 /\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. ⁴⁶ Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	ş 0.00 /\$100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	s -0.622945 /s100
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 14,746,458.00
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	_s -91862.32279
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 15,871,417.00
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	, 0.00 /5100

^{**} Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

^{4&#}x27; Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(c)

[#] Tex. Tax Code 526.042(b)

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Ra	ate
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	,0.00	/\$100

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Indicate the line number used: 26	\$ 0.5810559/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). Indicate the line number used: 67	§ 0.7370496 _{/\$100}
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the 2023 de minimis rate from Line 72.	s 3.8456096 /\$100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. 50

print here ► TERESA HUGHES, TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

sign 1

axing Unit Representative

JULY 31, 2023

Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(c-2) and (d-2)